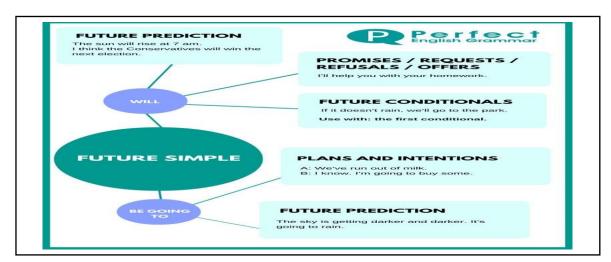
The English Content of Third Year LMD –French Department-

Groups:1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12

LESSON 01:

The values of future simple

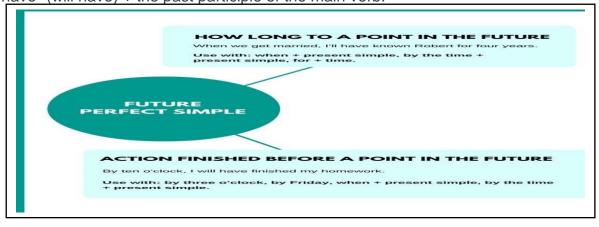
The simple future refers to a time later than now, and expresses facts or certainty.



LESSON 02 :

The values of future perfect

The **future perfect** is composed of two elements the simple future of the verb "to have" (will have) + the past participle of the main verb.



LESSON 03:

Active and passive voice (future simple and future perfect)

FUTURE SIMPLE (ACTIVE VOICE) will+stem-----(PASSIVE VOICE) will+be+PP

FUTURE PERFECT (ACTIVE VOICE) will+have+PP-----(PASSIVE VOICE) will+have+been+PP

Future Simple Tense Auxiliary verb in passive voice: will be

Active voice:

She will buy a car. She will not buy a car. Will she buy a car?

Passive voice:

A car will be bought by her. A car will not be bought by her. Will a car be bought by her?

Future Perfect Tense

Auxiliary verb in passive voice: will have been

Active voice:

You will have started the job.

Passive voice:

You will have started the job.
You will have not started the job.
Will you have started the job?
The job will have been started by you.
The job will not have been started by you.
Will the job have been started by you? The job will have been started by you.

LESSON 04:

Plural of Irregular Nouns

Some irregular nouns take on the plural form by first changing the last letter of the word before adding "s." Words that end in "f" are a good example of this case. To make such a word plural, you change the "f" to "ve" and add an "s."

Irregular plural nouns that end in ves:

- More than one elf = elves
- More than one calf = calves
- More than one knife = knives
- More than one loaf = loaves
- More than one shelf = shelves
- More than one wolf = wolves
- More than one loaf = loaves

Irregular nouns made plural by changing vowels, changing the word, or adding a different ending:

- More than one man = men
- More than one person = people
- More than one mouse = mice
- More than one child = children
- More than one foot = feet
- More than one goose = geese
- More than one tooth = teeth
- More than one louse = lice
- More than one cactus = cacti
- More than one appendix = appendices
- More than one ox =oxen

Some irregular plural nouns have the same spelling as their singular form such as scissors, pants, bison, deer, and sheep. And then some animal nouns become plural by keeping the same spelling as the singular form or by adding an s or es.

- More than one cod = cod or cods
- More than one shrimp = shrimp or shrimps
- More than one fish = fish or fishes
- More than one quail = quail or quails